

## SERBIA REJECTS VIENNA DEMANDS; RACE WAR LOOMS

Austrian Minister Severs Relations  
and Leaves Capital After  
Receiving Reply.

### NOTE'S CONTENTS UNREVEALED

Some of Conditions Accepted and  
Others Are Not, it is Under-  
stood.

### WHOLE BILL PAID OR NOTHING

Will it Be Conflict of Slav Against  
Teuton for Supremacy of  
Europe?

### CZAR'S ARMY IS MOBILIZING

Berlin Populace Shows Sympathy  
for Kin Nation.

### BELGRADE TO BE ABANDONED

Seat of Government Removed to  
Kraguevatz Strong Strategic  
Point Sixty Miles  
South.

LONDON, July 26.—The darkest  
war cloud which has appeared on  
the European horizon since Germany  
sent warships to Agadir, in 1911, has  
arisen within forty-eight hours.

The Serbian government has re-  
fused to comply with Austria's de-  
mands, the most humiliating ever  
asked of an independent nation, for  
the explanation of the Sarajevo mur-  
ders for which Austria holds anti-  
Austrian conspiracies in Serbia re-  
sponsible and for guarantees of fu-  
ture good behavior.

At 5:30 last night when the Austro-Hun-  
garian ultimatum expired, the Serbian  
premier handed to the Austrian minister  
at Belgrade, Serbia's reply. The min-  
ister immediately severed diplomatic re-  
lations and started for home.

All or Nothing.  
The contents of the note have not been  
revealed, but the Serbian legation in  
London understands that it accepted  
some of Austria's conditions and rejected  
others. Apparently Austria was resolved  
to have the whole bill paid or nothing.  
The vital question to Europe is whether  
Russia will come to the rescue of its  
little Slav brother, involving the great  
powers and making of the war a dread  
struggle of Slav against Teuton for  
European supremacy.

Reports from St. Petersburg say that  
the Russian army is mobilizing, but it  
is to be remembered that Russia mobilized  
several corps when Austria annexed  
Bosnia and the German emperor, stepping  
to the side of his ally, as was said, "in  
shining armor," put a veto on Russian  
intervention.

Austria and Serbia are both mobilizing  
but the alliance of all the dispatches on  
the subject of military preparation in-  
dicates clearly that an ironclad cen-  
sorship has been established in both coun-  
tries.

### Won't Defend Belgrade.

The Serbians have decided not to  
attempt to defend Belgrade, the garrison  
having already been withdrawn, accord-  
ing to Vienna reports, and the seat of  
the government removed from Belgrade  
to Kraguevatz, a strong strategic point  
sixty miles to the south.

Serbia's refusal to humiliate itself to  
the extent its neighbor has directed was  
not unexpected. But Serbs have been  
proud since their success in the late  
Balkan war and the government which  
yielded to such demands as Austria's  
could not last; even the dynasty would  
be imperiled. Serbia's little ally, Monte-  
negro, seems determined to cast its lot  
with its cousin in war.

Serbian partisans abroad advance the  
theory that Austria has made up its  
mind to dispose of its neighbor, which  
has long been a thorn in its side, and  
has chosen to strike a decisive blow at  
a moment when the nations of the triple  
entente are handicapped by home trouble  
—Russia with a great strike, France with  
a political upheaval, and Great Britain  
with a threatened civil war in Ulster.

In Favor of Austria.  
England shows no enthusiasm over be-  
coming embroiled in a war which might  
prove a great calamity to its interests.  
As far as opinion can be gathered, amid  
the paralysis which overcomes all Brit-  
(Continued on Page Two.)

## The Weather

For Nebraska and Iowa—Generally fair.  
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour.	Deg.
6 a. m.	62
7 a. m.	62
8 a. m.	62
9 a. m.	62
10 a. m.	62
11 a. m.	62
12 m.	62
1 p. m.	62
2 p. m.	62
3 p. m.	62
4 p. m.	62
5 p. m.	62
6 p. m.	62
7 p. m.	62
8 p. m.	62
9 p. m.	62
10 p. m.	62
11 p. m.	62
12 m.	62

Comparative Local Record.	1914.	1913.	1912.	1911.
Highest temperature.	86	99	92	88
Lowest temperature.	56	70	71	72
Mean temperature.	68	74	75	72
Total excess since March 1.	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7
Precipitation.	6.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
Excess for the day.	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Normal temperature.	77	77	77	77
Normal precipitation.	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Deficiency for the day.	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Deficiency since March 1.	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Deficiency for the year.	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Deficiency for the period.	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster.

## IOWA DEMS SHARPEN SWORDS

Meredith Backers Expect to Control  
Machine in Two Years.

### HARMONY ON THE SURFACE

Leaders Will Support Connolly This  
Year But Followers Are Mak-  
ing a Program for Presi-  
dential Campaign.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Ia., July 26.—(Special.)  
—The republicans of the state, or those  
that keep close tab on political currents,  
are chuckling over the situation at the  
democratic state convention, and see in  
it evidence that while the democrats  
appear to be in perfect harmony there  
is a great deal of discord beneath the  
surface. The fight between Meredith and  
Connolly for the senatorial nomination  
left some scars that cannot be healed  
by fine talk, so it is said. It was a fight  
for control of the party machinery, a  
fight for a principle, and not merely one  
between two good democrats. Meredith  
was wholly unknown to the demo-  
crats of the state, but he typified cer-  
tain things which were the exact oppo-  
site of his successful opponent. Now  
the Meredith people are nominally loyal  
and are going to get back of Connolly  
to the full extent; but the rank and file  
of those who supported Meredith will  
not be enthusiastic for the old regime  
in their party. What is really happening  
is a play for the future. Next time the  
Meredith people expect to come into full  
possession of the party. They will con-  
trol it in the presidential year, and as  
there will be no democratic state offi-  
cials they will nominate the ticket which  
they hope will win at that time. This is  
the program for the future. There is  
said to be no real expectancy on the  
part of the democrats of electing their  
ticket this year in Iowa, but they will  
build for the future.

In the meantime the republicans, while  
having some troubles of their own, grow-  
ing out of the blowup of two years ago,  
are in process of getting together again,  
with an eye to the national campaign.

### Judicial Fight Warming Up.

Since the primary election there has  
been very little discussion of candidates  
for judicial position, but now there is  
some interest being taken in the matter,  
with the result that the lines are being  
gradually shaped up for the final fight  
as to the supreme court. It has become  
evident that there is a determined fight  
being made on the present court with a  
view to dissolving it and effecting a  
general change in the attitude of the  
court toward political questions.

One of the features now coming to the  
front is the effort being made to put on  
the supreme bench a wholly unknown  
man of no experience, and to put him  
there because he is a democrat. The  
one democrat on the list of candidates is  
Seth Thomas of Fort Dodge. It is found  
that as a matter of fact he graduated  
from the law school in 1910 after a year  
at the school, previously studying in the  
Healy law office in Fort Dodge. He has  
therefore, had barely four years' experi-  
ence in the practice of law and none as  
a judge. This fact has surprised a great  
many and aroused them to an inquiry  
as to what it is that is being done with  
regard to the supreme bench.

The other new aspirants are Congress-  
man S. F. Prouty and B. I. Salingier.  
The former has a record as an able law-  
yer and district judge, and his elevation  
to the supreme bench would cause no  
surprise. But Salingier has held only the  
office of supreme court reporter, and  
while he is recognized as an able lawyer,  
he has had no judicial experience and  
would be greatly delighted to have him in  
the high place. The indications are,  
therefore, that the fight for the supreme  
bench will soon begin to warm up.

### Taxation Question in New Phases.

There will be some new phases of the  
assessment and taxation question in Iowa  
as a result of the assessment work for  
this year in Iowa. In the first place it  
has been already demonstrated that a  
very large part of the increase of taxa-  
tion last year was due to the action of  
the local authorities rather than to any-  
thing done by the state officials. The  
increase of taxes due to levies made by  
the boards of supervisors, school boards  
and the town councils is many-fold what  
was due to the increase made by the  
state authorities. This fact can now be  
demonstrated to the dollar by the returns  
from the counties. But it is also  
demonstrated that the extreme measures  
of the state officials in ordering changes  
in the valuation are necessary if there  
is to be real equalization of the tax bur-  
den. There will be no material change  
in the valuation on property in the state  
this year. The assessors made a slight  
increase in values by adding the new  
buildings and new personal property also  
by keeping up value of live stock. This  
will be the only change from last year,  
as the valuation on railroad and other  
fixed property was carried over from the  
last year. The question of the taxation  
problem will therefore be on the question  
of whether or not the state had the right  
to effect equalization, but how to main-  
tain values where they are and how to  
adjust the tax levies to fit the situation  
in each case.

### Where State Has Been Grasping.

The place where the state has been  
over-reaching itself is in collecting ex-  
orbitant fees from the Standard Oil com-  
pany. But this will be stopped now,  
thanks to the western association of in-  
dependent oilmen in oil. This association  
has compelled the state to give up half  
its fees on inspection of oil. The action  
of the independents, however, was not  
due to tender consideration of the profits  
of their powerful rival, which will be the  
chief beneficiary. But the independents  
were feeling the burden of the oil in-  
spection fee on gasoline, and finding that  
it would not stand a court analysis, they  
have forced the state to abandon it en-  
tirely. This means a loss in revenue to  
the state of about \$60,000 a year.

### Will Not Take the Serum.

It is announced that the members of  
the militia companies of Iowa will not  
be vaccinated against typhoid before go-  
ing into camp at Camp Dodge August  
10. At least most of the men will not be  
so treated with the serum because it has  
not been ordered by the state. The army  
arrived in the state too late. There was  
an order to have all the men vaccinated  
before going into camp this year, and a  
purchase was made of sufficient serum to  
effect the result desired. But there was  
great delay in getting the serum, and as  
a consequence there will be no vaccination  
of that kind.

## TEL JED SOKOLS FINISH UP THE BIG TOURNAMENT

Six Thousand or More Persons at  
the Final Exhibition of Athletics  
Sunday Afternoon.

### THREE HOURS OF THRILLS

Gymnastic Feats That Brought  
Rounds of Applause From the  
Many Who Witness Events.

### FIVE HUNDRED PERFORMERS

Program of the Day Started Off with  
a Number of Speeches.

### GOVERNOR MOREHEAD PRESENT

Prizes Awarded, After Which Most  
of the Visitors Start for Their  
Homes, Some Remaining  
to Meet King Ak.

Over 5,000 people witnessed at Bourke  
park Sunday afternoon what was said  
to have been one of the finest and most re-  
markable exhibitions of gymnastics and  
athletics ever presented in the city of  
Omaha. It was the grand finale of the  
national tournament and assembly of Tel  
Jed Sokol, the Bohemian Turner organi-  
zation. The crowds of Omahans and visi-  
tors from all over the country, who  
packed the big grandstands at the park,  
sat in raptures for over three hours to  
watch the athletic and gymnastic feats  
and demonstrations of all-round physical  
development, which the hundreds of local  
and visiting experts of the Sokol societies  
of many cities presented in their farewell  
appearance here.

With the completion of the exhibition  
and the awarding of medals and diplomas,  
the tournament and its attending activi-  
ties came to a close yesterday. About half  
of the many Sokols from other cities left  
for their homes last evening, and the re-  
maining will go today and tomorrow.  
Quite a number are remaining for the  
special Turner night at the Ak-Sar-Ben  
Den this evening. One party left over the  
Burlington last evening in a special car  
for Denver and Colorado Springs, on a  
vacation trip, before returning home.

### Five Hundred Performers.

Fully 200 Turner men, 100 young women  
and about 100 Junior Turners, both boys  
and girls, took part in Sunday's big ex-  
hibition, making a total of nearly 500  
performers, of whom 150 or 200 were fre-  
quently on the field at one time.

Only four slight heat prostrations  
among the young women occurred dur-  
ing the day, the victims being just tem-  
porarily affected with a fainting spell,  
or a momentary illness. They were:  
Miss Mary Kmetz, leader of the girls'  
club of the Omaha Sokol, whose strenu-  
ous efforts during the last week almost  
exhausted her; Miss Anna Klebko and  
Miss Lillian Traveka of the local Turner  
girls, who suffered from heat nervous-  
ness for a short time, and Miss Anna  
Frisch of Detroit, daughter of the director  
of the Detroit girls' teams, who was  
forced to stay out of the exhibition be-  
cause of illness during the afternoon.

### Get Into the Movies.

Ample preparations to care for exten-  
sive heat prostrations had been taken,  
but they proved unnecessary. Drs. F. J.  
and Louis Kloboda, Dr. Olga Stasny  
and Dr. Kalal were on the field, with  
two nurses, two ambulances and a full  
equipment of hospital appliances and  
first aid treatment. But aside from the  
four young women who were only slightly  
affected, the whole exhibition passed off  
without any serious prostrations or simi-  
lar trouble.

So interesting and spectacular were  
many of the events on the program that  
two movie operators were busy all after-  
noon, making films of the best features.  
Prior to the beginning of the program  
proper, the star athletes and gymnasts  
gave special exhibitions, to accommodate  
the camera men and entertain the ad-  
vance guard of the audience, which ar-  
rived early.

## Women Are Asked to Give Their Jewels to Aid Suffrage Cause

CHICAGO, July 26.—A novel appeal to  
the women of the nation to give up their  
gold and silver jewels to the cause of  
equal suffrage was issued today by the  
campaign committee of the National  
American Woman Suffrage association.  
The appeal, signed by Dr. Anna Howard  
Shaw, Mrs. Medill McCormick and other  
leaders in the suffrage cause, was sent  
out from headquarters here telling of the  
need of funds to carry on effective cam-  
paigns for suffrage in several states,  
Ohio, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Mon-  
tana and the Dakotas.

"Don't be lulled into a false sense of  
security by the prevailing notion that  
"suffrage is sure to come," read the ap-  
pel. "Suffrage is sure to come, but it  
cannot come this year unless the women  
of the country show by their response  
that they are determined to have it."  
"A little of what you treasure, an orna-  
ment of beauty, a tribute of friendship,  
something prized because of its place in  
household life—put it in the melting pot.  
Send it to the suffrage campaign com-  
mittee."

The committee plans to have the gold  
and silver contributions converted into  
money and hopes that in this way at least  
\$50,000 can be raised before August 15 for  
the suffrage campaign in the seven states.  
It is planned to spend \$15,000 on the cam-  
paign in Ohio, \$10,000 in Missouri and \$5,000  
in Nebraska, Nevada, Montana and the  
two Dakotas.

### DAKOTA BANKERS DRAW UP BANK GUARANTY ACT

PIERRE, S. D., July 26.—(Special Tele-  
gram.)—B. A. Cummins of Pierre, J. E.  
Platt, Clark, R. E. Cone, Huron, S. T.  
Kiddo, Sioux Falls, and J. F. Whitlock  
Gettysburg, made up a committee of  
bankers yesterday to draw the first  
draft of a bank guaranty act to be pre-  
sented to the next legislative session for  
action. The draft will be sent out for  
discussion and revision and the com-  
pleted act to be presented will not be  
ready for some time.

ERROR OF MANY SORROWS—Emperor Francis  
Joseph of Austria seems doomed to end his days amid  
row and turmoil. This aged head of the House of  
Hapsburg has twice seen the heir to his throne cut off by  
violent death, his empress cruelly slain by an anarchistic  
assassin while she was visiting in the one country in  
Europe where anarchists and their ilk may seek asylum.  
He has seen his country plunged into war, has seen it torn  
by political strife, and now is confronted by participation  
in what will be, if it begins, the mightiest struggle of  
armed forces in modern times. Austria is allied with  
Germany and Italy in the Triple Alliance. Opposed are  
England, France and Russia in the Triple Entente. If the  
blaze in the Balkans reaches the powder magazine of  
Europe, the struggle will indeed be titanic.



## VIENNA SURE WAR TO COME Gompers Says U. S. Workers Are with Rebels of Mexico

Hostilities Regarded by Public of  
Capital as Almost Certain.

### SERBIAN ARMY TO MOBILIZE

Demonstration Held Throughout  
Demonstrations Held Throughout  
Populace with the Gov-  
ernment.

VIENNA, July 26.—Diplomatic relations  
between Austria-Hungary and Serbia  
were formally broken off last night. War  
is regarded by the public as almost a  
certainty.

The Serbian government waited until  
the last moment left it by the terms of  
the note, and only ten minutes before the  
hour of 6, when the Austro-Hungarian  
ultimatum expired, did the Serbian  
premier appear at the legation and pre-  
sent his government's reply to the  
Austrian minister, Baron Giesl von  
Gieslingen.

No details of the tenor of the reply  
have been revealed here, but the terse  
statement was made that it was "un-  
satisfactory."

### Leave the Capital.

Immediately upon receiving the note  
the Austrian minister informed the for-  
eign office and diplomatic relations were  
broken off. Half an hour later the min-  
ister and his staff with their families  
had boarded a train for Austrian terri-  
tory. The train was in readiness to de-  
part as an unfavorable reply to the Aus-  
trian demands had been expected.

According to messages received here,  
the mobilization of the Serbian army was  
ordered at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.  
King Peter, who had hurriedly returned  
to Belgrade when the Austrian ultimatum  
was announced, left the capital this after-  
noon on a special train with the prin-  
cipal members of the government. In the  
realization that the Austrians could cap-  
ture Belgrade without difficulty, the  
temporary seat of the government will  
be established at Kraguevatz.

The portentous news of Serbia's de-  
termination was made known to the pub-  
lic by extra editions of the evening pa-  
pers and at 8 o'clock tonight half the  
population of the city seemed to be on  
the streets. They fought eagerly for the  
papers and processions were formed  
which marched through all the thor-  
oughfares, singing national hymns and  
cheering for Emperor Francis Joseph,  
Emperor Wilhelm and the army.

Everywhere throughout the country  
similar demonstrations are being held.  
Count Von Berthold, the Austro-Hun-  
garian minister of foreign affairs, visited  
Isti early in the afternoon and had  
a long audience with the emperor. Later  
he conferred with the minister of war,  
General Krobatin, and the emperor's  
chief military adviser, General Baron  
Bohrer von Ahnenburg, and the minister  
of finance, Count Von Berthold had  
another audience at 7 o'clock with the  
emperor, to whom he communicated the  
Serbian note.

### COLFAX DEMOCRATS OBJECT TO SMITH MORTGAGE LAW

SCHUYLER, Neb., July 26.—(Special.)—  
The democratic county convention met  
at the court house at 3 p. m. Delegates  
were chosen for the state convention,  
also a central committeeman. The con-  
vention voted to instruct the delegates  
to favor a plank to be inserted in the  
democratic platform favoring the amend-  
ing or repeal of the so-called Smith  
mortgage law.



## WAR IS NOT YET DECLARED

Sending of Passports to Serbian  
Minister Equivalent to It.

### WHAT SERBIA AGREES TO DO

Will not Fulfill Entire Demand of  
Austria—Dr. Vojta of Pass-  
ports Equals War De-  
claration, It is Said.

VIENNA, July 26.—The sending of his  
passports to the Serbian minister, M.  
Jovanovitch, by the Austrian foreign of-  
fice today is deemed equivalent to a  
declaration of war.

This action was taken today, the report  
that the Serbian minister left Vienna yester-  
day having been incorrect. He will  
depart immediately. The Russian ambas-  
sador will take charge of the Serbian in-  
terests.

It is believed that there will be no for-  
mal declaration of war, as Serbia never  
subscribed to The Hague convention.  
There were patriotic demonstrations  
throughout the day, although a heavy  
rain was falling. Great crowds gathered  
in front of the war office and cheered  
the officers who appeared. Processions  
with flags flying filled the streets.  
A general mobilization in Montenegro  
is reported.

Italy has informed Austria that in event  
of armed conflict with Serbia it will  
adopt a friendly attitude in accordance  
with its relations with the triple alli-  
ance.

LONDON, July 26.—Up to 5 o'clock this  
afternoon there had been no decisive de-  
velopments in the Austro-Serbian situa-  
tion. A dispatch from Vienna to the  
Weekly Dispatch stated that war be-  
tween Serbia and the dual monarchy had  
been declared, but this was not con-  
firmed in any other quarter. News came  
from Rome that Italy, one of the triple  
alliance, had offered Austria her support  
in the event of hostilities.

The arrest last night of General Radomir  
Putnik, Serbian chief of general  
staff, by the Hungarian military authori-  
ties at Budapest, is confirmed. He was  
taken into custody at Kelenfeld, near  
Budapest, while on his way to Belgrade,  
and four of his staff officers were like-  
wise taken prisoners.

No further news of reported mobiliza-  
tion of troops in various quarters has  
come from the continent, and it is evi-  
dent that close censorship on military  
matters is being enforced.

### Servians Mobilize.

The Serbian minister here today received  
a dispatch from Kraguevatz stating that  
Crown Prince Alexander, acting as regent,  
had ordered a general mobilization of  
the Serbian army and summoned the  
Skupstina to meet tomorrow in the old  
fortified capital city of Nish, 130 miles  
southeast of Belgrade.

Serbia's reply to the Austrian ultimatum  
is summarized as follows:

1. Serbia agrees to the publication in its  
official journal on the front page of the  
formal declaration submitted by the Aus-  
trian government condemning the sub-  
versive propaganda and deploring its fatal  
consequences, regretting the participation  
of Serbian officers in this propaganda,  
repudiating any further interference with  
Austro-Hungarian interests and warning  
all Serbians that rigorous proceedings will  
be taken in the future against any persons  
guilty of such machinations.

2. Serbia agrees to communicate this  
declaration to the army in the form of an  
order of the day.

3. It promises to dissolve those societies  
which may be considered capable of con-  
ducting intrigues against Austria.

4. Revision of the laws governing the  
press.

5. Dismissal from the army and navy  
of officers and the removal also of civil-  
ian officials, whose participation in an  
anti-Austrian propaganda may be proved.  
The Serbian government, however, pro-  
tests against Austrian officials taking  
part in the inquiry.

6. The Serbian government ask for an  
explanation as to just what part the Aus-  
trian officials are to be called upon to  
take in the inquiry into the Sarajevo  
plot and it is announced that Serbia  
can only admit such participation as would  
be in accordance with international law  
and good neighborly relations.

7. To sum up, Serbia accepts all the  
conditions and demands of Austria and  
makes reservations only regarding the  
participation of Austrian officials in the  
inquiry. It does not give its formal re-  
fusal to this point, but confines itself  
to asking explanations.

Finally, if the Austrian government  
finds this reply in adequate, Serbia ap-  
peals to The Hague tribunal and to the  
powers, which signed the declaration of  
1891, relative to Bosnia and Herzegovina.

## PARTY MEN MEET OVER NEBRASKA, ISSUES OUTLINED

Delegates of Both Creeds Hold  
Final County Conventions Be-  
fore State Sessions.

### REPUBLICANS JOIN FOR PRAY

Reunited Front Presented Wherever  
Gatherings Are Held Through-  
out the State.

### DEMOCRATS STILL IN TURMOIL

Personal Ambitions of Leaders  
Cause Serious Break in Ranks  
in Many Places.

### LANCASTER RULED BY BRYAN

Resolution of Maher for Hitchcock  
Not Considered.

### THOMPSON WILL BE CHAIRMAN

Sentiment for Him Strongly Ex-  
pressed by County After County.  
While Bryan is Generally  
Endorsed by Democrats.

Republicans will present the old-  
time fighting spirit when the state  
convention meets in Lincoln, July  
28, to prepare a state platform for  
the fall campaign.

Reports from county conventions  
held over Nebraska during the last  
week, winding up Saturday with a  
number of the leading county gath-  
erings, all indicate that amity pre-  
vails and that the delegates that  
have been selected to go to Lincoln  
will find in the attitude of the pre-  
sent national administration a com-  
mon ground on which to base their  
resolutions.

In no instance have convention reports  
from the republican side shown a dispo-  
sition to differ. Lancaster republicans  
held a harmonious session a week ago,  
and Douglas county did likewise.

Johnson county republicans Saturday  
fairly well represented the tone of all the  
meetings in republican ranks when they  
pointed to the achievements of the party  
and found in the Wilson administration  
cause to distrust the democratic policies.  
Meetings held yesterday in Dodge, Boone,  
Lincoln and Phelps counties all empha-  
sized these sentiments.

### Different with Democrats.

Democrats in Nebraska admittedly are  
facing a critical situation and the  
various resolutions that were adopted  
yesterday as the windup of the county  
gatherings to select delegates to the Col-  
umbus meeting indicated that there will  
be a bill of no mean proportions when  
the brave mobilize next Tuesday.

A number of the larger counties spoke  
for Nebraska democracy Saturday in no  
uncertain tones for President Wilson, for  
Secretary Bryan and for W. H. Thomp-  
son of Grand Island, chairman of the  
state committee.

There was no general and widespread  
disposition on the part of the rank and  
file, however, to endorse their United  
States senator, though Senator Hitchcock  
was included in a number of counties in  
a blanket endorsement of all the Nebraska  
delegation in Washington and the head  
of the state administration.

Hitchcock Blasted.

In a number of places there was a dispo-